

Objectives for the presentation

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Summary of the presentation:

- What is sustainable tourism?
- Overview of some project examples
- Discussion



Tourism

- ✓ An important engine for growth by generating foreign earnings, creating employment opportunities and generating significant value added.
- Engineers and architects involved in:
 - access infrastructure;
 - transport infrastructure;
 - water and energy;
 - superstructure (such as hotels, resorts, attractions, etc.);
 - conservation of cultural heritage and of the environment;
 - environmental engineering;
 - ...etcetera...

What is sustainable tourism?

Society

Customer satisfaction Sustainable tourism is that which "...meets the needs of present tourists and host regions while protecting and enhancing opportunity for the future..."

(Council of Europe)

Environment and cultural heritage

Economy

The bottom line

Environmental sustainability

Environment and cultural heritage must not be damaged irretrievably and continue being an integral part of the tourism product.

Social sustainability

Tourism must not change the society nor create hostility but must bring measurable benefits to the community.

Economic sustainability

Private investments must earn an adequate financial return while public investments must earn an adequate economic return.

Customer satisfaction

Tourists must experience increased satisfaction.

Without customer satisfaction the industry will not prosper.



Heritage trails in the Medina of Fez, Morocco

Client

Government of Morocco (ADER-FES), funded by the World Bank

Consortium

Cotecno (Italy), mga architettura & ingegneria (Italy), Bureau AKB (Morocco)

Location

Fez, Morocco

Period

2002-2003: design 2003-2005: works

Scope of services

Preliminary, scheme and detail design.
Cost - benefit analysis.
Works supervision.
Guidebook and of the Medina map.

Current status

The project has been successfully implemented

The Medina of Fez project



Urban environment

Urban restoration of selected urban spaces.

Services

Creation of tourist facilities by adaptive re-use of existing traditional buildings.

Gardens

Restoration of some of the most important Andalusian gardens.

Signalization

Creation of a complete system of tourist signalization strictly coordinated with the guidebook.

The six heritage trails of Fez



Walls and fortifications



Fès Jdid



The andalusian neighborhood



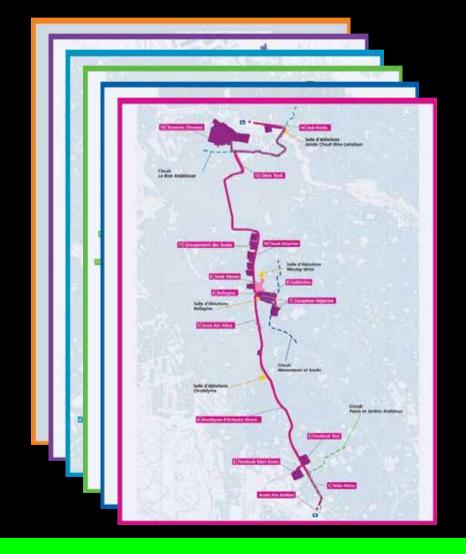
Andalusian palaces and gardens



Monuments and bazaars



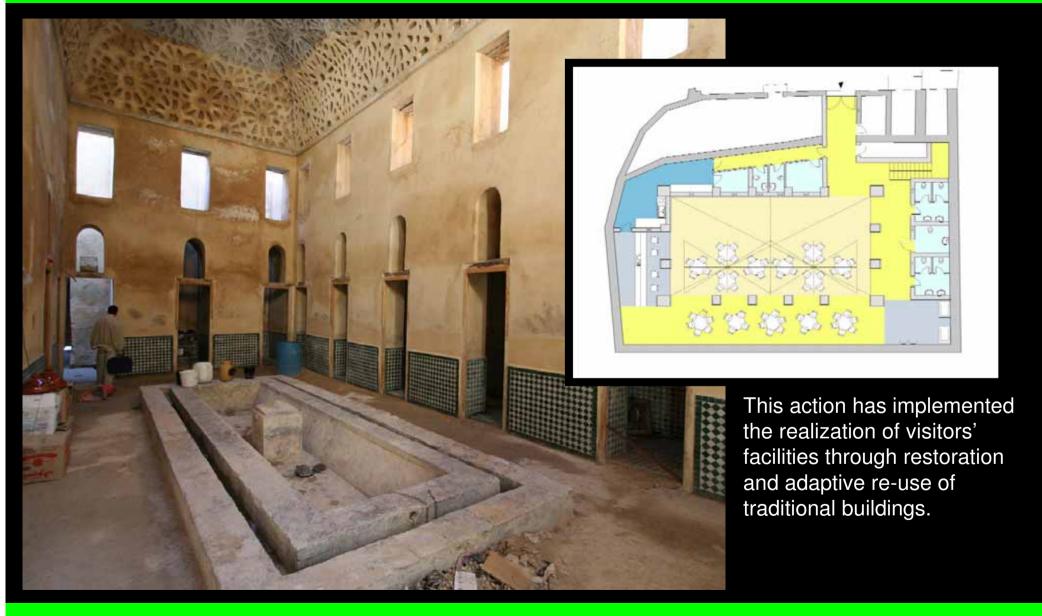
Handicrafts



The urban restoration



The services



The andalusian gardens

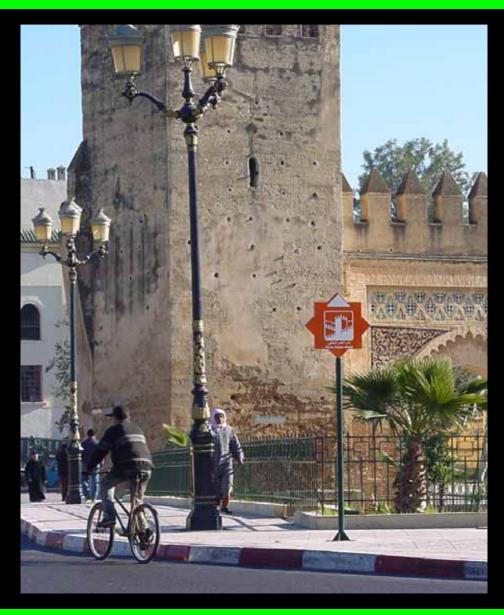


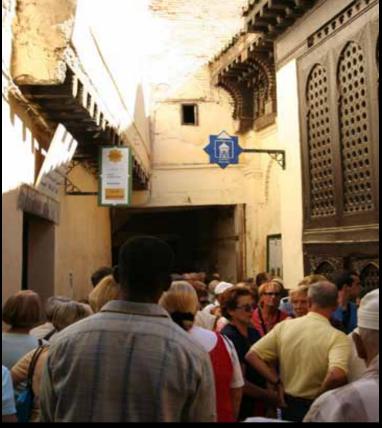




Restoration of some of the most important Andalusian gardens.

The signalization





The signalization system provides guidance for the heritage trails.

The system is well integrated in the peculiar environment of the Medina, and is coordinated with the guidebook.

The guidebook

Le guide à la visite de la Médina de Fès a été réalisée en coordination avec le projet et la signalisation

circuit

Le Cimerière

Run Fen Julial

James Al-Hames

Place Moulay Hassan

Rah Shad

Dar Makina

Hub Sagma Manseliče Abene Buka Ibn Arabi

Plan du circuit

Synamorus thin Danas

20 Fès Idid

25 Le Mellah



40 Palais et Jardin

Andalous

Plan du circuit

India Ina 5bil

Musée Barba

Palais Mongri

Rived Moqri

Dar Adiyel

49 Talan Khira

Palais Mnebbi Dur Ba Molumusi Chergoi

Accès Ain Azliten

Dar Pacha Tazi

Centre International

de Promotion de l'Astismut



* circuit

50 Monuments

et Soules

Place Regulered

Bab Boniloud

Plan du circuit

Répartiteur d'eau de Bouiloud

a circuit

Inlia Khira

69 Fondoul Kais Smen

Plan du circuit

Boutiques des Astisans

61 Artisanat



Sustainable development of the Walled City of Lahore

Client

The World Bank

Consortium

Cotecno (Italy) mga architettura & ingegneria (Italy)

Location

Lahore (Pakistan)

Period

2005

Scope of services

Identification study of the overall project
Feasibility study of the pilot project

Current status

Project under implementation

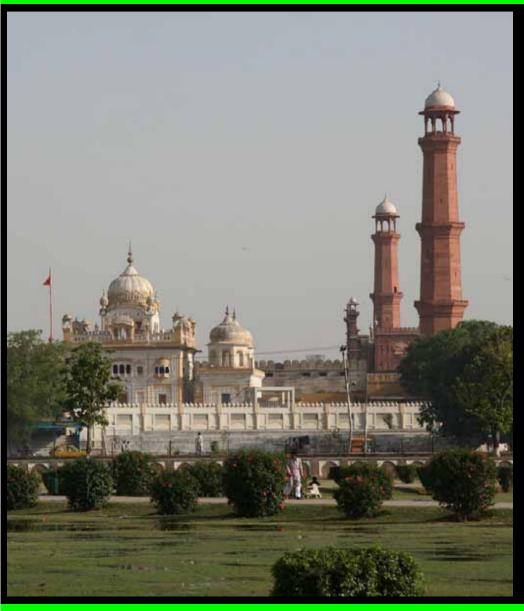
Target area



The target area of the project is the Walled City of Lahore, including the Circular Road.

The area delimited has an extension of approximately 250 hectares.

Project strategy



- Pilot project
- ✓ Institutional/legal framework
- Improvement of the urban environment
- Preservation of cultural heritage
- Development of tourism-related economic activities
- Awareness and participation raising

The pilot project

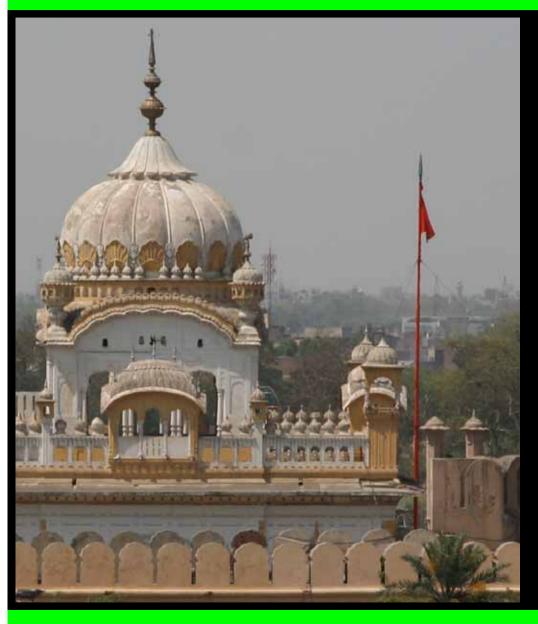


The structure of the pilot project is inspired by the Shahi Guzargah, the path that the Moghul Emperors followed through the Walled City to reach the Shahi Qila.

Action areas



Actions of the pilot project



Specific actions

- Traffic and parking management
- Improvements of the public space
- Removal/legalization of the encroachments
- Landscaping
- Public lighting
- Restoration of selected monuments
- ✓ Visitors' facilities
- Signage
- ✓ Adaptive re-use of heritage buildings



Cultural heritage and tourism development

Client

The World Bank

Consortium

Cotecno (Italy), mga architettura & ingegneria (Italy), ABT (Italy), Alchemia (Italy), CDG (Jordan)

Location

Jerash, Karak, Madaba, Salt (Jordan)

Period

2004-2005

Scope of services

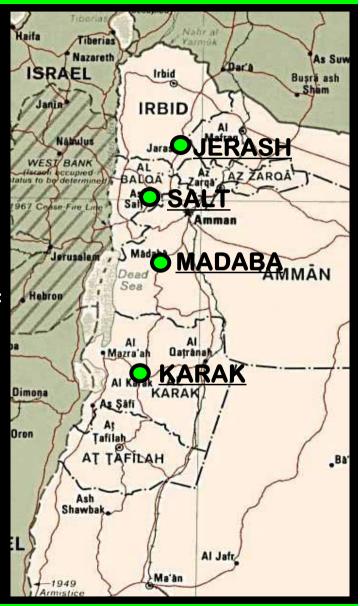
Feasibility study

Current status

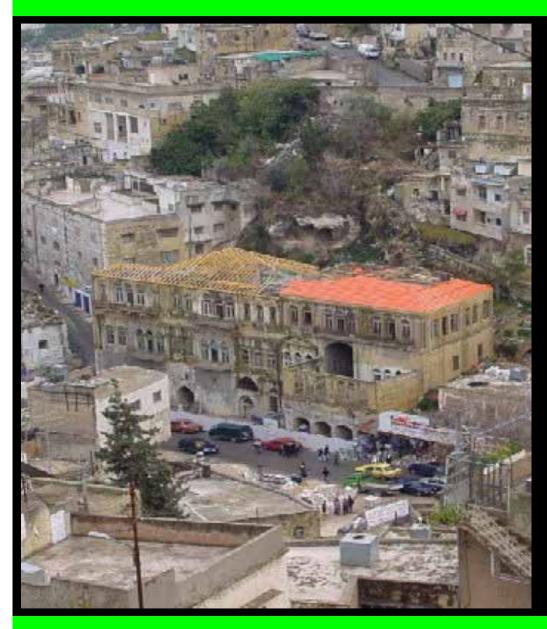
Project financed by the World Bank currently under implementation

The four historic cities

- Jerash is a city with Greek, Roman and Circassian heritage.
- Karak has a major castle from the time of the crusaders.
- Madaba is a world famous Byzantine site.
- Salt was a major Ottoman commercial city that at the time of the creation of the state of Jordan nearly became its capital.
- Potentially, they are key areas for developing tourism products targeting local, regional, and international tourists.
- The value of the historic cores is threatened by a number of issues that lead to the decay of the socio-urban fabric.

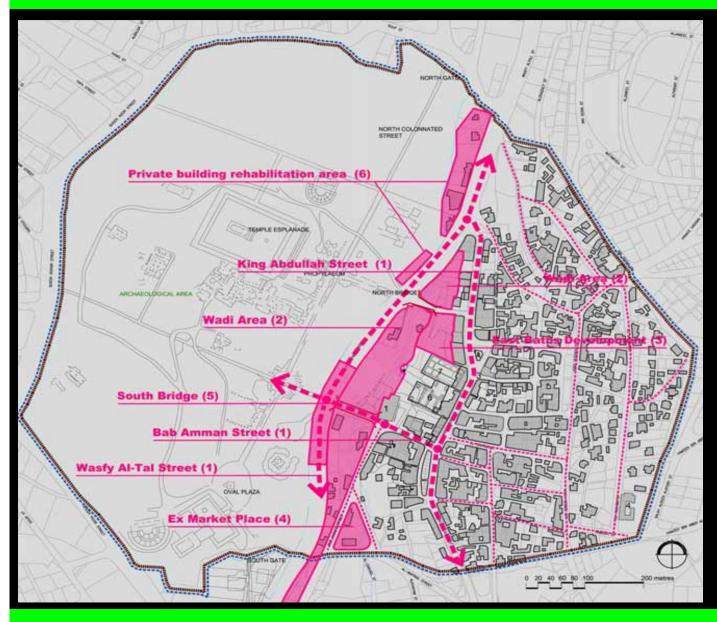


Project development objective



To improve local economies and social cohesion of the historic cities of Jerash, Karak, Madaba, and Salt by creating conditions for a process of sustainable revitalization of their historic cores and tourism development.

The Jerash City Revitalization Program



• The key issue in Jerash is the break between the archaeological site and the city.

The Jerash Wadi urban park





- Restoring the healthiness and environmental integrity of the wadi.
- Transforming the wadi area into an accessible urban park.
- Providing a general urban landscape solution for the core.



Egypt National Sustainable Tourism Strategic Plan

Client

Egyptian Government (Tourism Development Authority)

Consortium

Cotecno (Italy), ECG (Egypt), Makary Consultants (Egypt)

Location

Egypt

Period

2007-2009

Scope of services

Strategic planning

Current status

Approved

Keys for a successful tourism industry

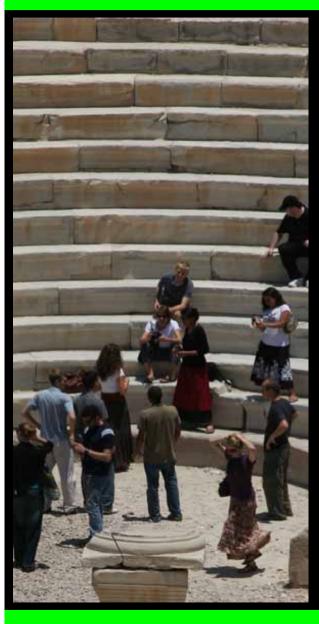
- 1. An appropriate institutional framework;
- 2. safety, security and easy access ensured;
- 3. a product base expanded and diversified;
- 4. necessary infrastructure and superstructure provided;
- 5. appropriate quality of service;
- 6. product adequately promoted to the market.

Physical development strategy



- Acknowledging the key elements of the physical structure of the Country
- Every region must play a specific role in terms of tourism supply
- The corridor concept will facilitate the development of coordinated transport.
- Six regions:
 - Super Delta
 - South Sinai
 - Nile Valley Corridor
 - Red Sea Corridor
 - MediterraneanCorridor
 - Oases Corridor.

Sustainability in...



Environmental impact of tourism

Serious efforts to ensure that tourism development on the required scale is sustainable – especially development of further diving.

Conservation

Strict recommendations given for appropriate safeguards to be adopted. Reefs to the south require a management plan to avoid the problems experienced elsewhere.

Cultural heritage

Recommendations made for mitigating and avoiding damage. Special mini-strategy for the oases.

Use of revenues for conservation

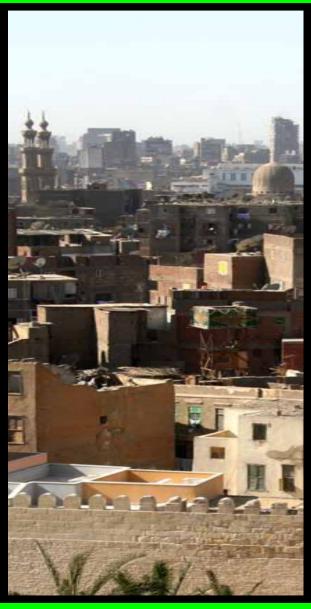
Revenues generated by environmental or cultural resources earmarked for the conservation and effective management of the resource itself.

Sustainability in...



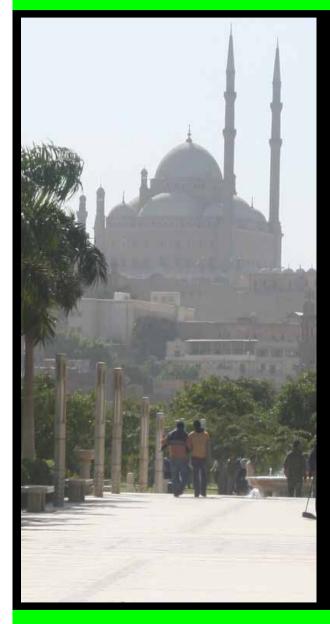
- Renewal of the existing built stock. Improve the existing built stock of 200,000 rooms, upgrade the standards and reduce the environmental footprint of buildings.
- Green buildings. Wherever possible make use of green building concepts.
- Water. Increase the utilization rate of deep groundwater, collect rainfall and floods, minimize water waste, increase the number of wastewater projects in tourist corridors and improve the water performance of resorts.
- Use of renewable energy. Increase the diversification of sources, maximize the use of hydropower, use best practice renewable generation technologies in conjunction with energy efficiency measures.
- Services and infrastructure. Improvement in the quality of services and of built environment will benefit also local communities.

Sustainability in...



- Product development. Distributing tourism flows and reduce concentrations. Introducing new products reducing pressure on the key assets. Niche products to attract the most environmentally aware clientele.
- Transport infrastructure. Relying mostly on existing infrastructure.
- Development models. Avoidance of ribbon development in favour of clusters (urban-shaped, mix of activities, broader distribution of benefits).
- Strategy for the urban centres. Start a process of urban renewal of the cores of cities according to the strategy.
- New communities. Tourism concentrated in areas that lack local communities. Establishing local communities in Red Sea region will relieve demographic pressures and encourage smaller independent businesses.

Tourism Vision



"A mature, sustainable and responsible tourism industry contributing significantly to the sustainable economic development of Egypt and the quality of life of her people – primarily through job creation and economic growth."

